

## Rep. Mary E. Flowers

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## 09800HB0008ham001

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## LRB098 00001 HEP 55912 a

AMENDMENT TO HOUSE BILL 8 1 2 AMENDMENT NO. . Amend House Bill 8 by replacing everything after the enacting clause with the following: 3 "Section 5. Findings. The General Assembly finds and 4 5 declares the following: (1) Current workplace laws are inadequate to protect 6 7 workers from enjoying equal employment 8 opportunities. (2) Because of inadequate protections, pregnant women 9 who are temporarily limited in their abilities to perform 10 11 their work functions because of pregnancy, childbearing, 12 or related conditions are often forced to take unpaid leave 13 or are fired, despite the availability of reasonable

accommodations that would allow them to continue to work.

lifting, access to places to sit, and more frequent

frequent accommodations involve limits

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- (3) Many pregnant women are single mothers or the primary breadwinners for their families. If one of these women loses her job, her whole family, and Illinois, suffers.
- (4) Employers are familiar with the reasonable accommodations framework. Indeed, employers are required to reasonably accommodate people with disabilities and employees injured on the job. Sadly, many employers refuse to provide reasonable accommodations or decline to extend workplace injury policies to pregnant women.
- (5) Women are nearly 50% of all workers in Illinois and women of childbearing age are 54% of women workers. Failing to provide reasonable accommodations to pregnant women leads to lost wages, periods of unemployment, and lost employment opportunities and job benefits such as seniority, all of which have lifelong repercussions on women's economic security and advancement and the well-being of their families.
- (6) Most women work during pregnancy. By continuing to work, women can maintain and advance their economic security. Moreover, women who work during pregnancy may be able to take a longer period of leave following childbirth, which in turn facilitates breastfeeding, bonding with and caring for a new child, and recovering from childbirth.
- (7) Enabling pregnant workers to work through pregnancy is good for businesses. Providing pregnant

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- employees with reasonable, temporary accommodations increases worker productivity, retention, and morale, decreases re-training costs, and reduces health care costs associated with pregnancy complications.
- 5 Section 10. Purposes. The purposes of this Act are:
  - (1) to promote the State's interest in eradicating gender discrimination, including discrimination based on pregnancy, childbearing, or related conditions, and in promoting women's equality;
- 10 (2) to address the failure of existing laws to protect 11 the employment rights of pregnant workers; and
- 12 (3) to ensure full and equal participation for women in 13 the labor force by requiring employers to provide 14 reasonable accommodations to employees with conditions 15 related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related condition.
- Section 15. The Illinois Human Rights Act is amended by changing Sections 1-102, 1-103, 2-101, 2-102, and 6-101 as follows:
- 19 (775 ILCS 5/1-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 1-102)
- Sec. 1-102. Declaration of Policy. It is the public policy
- 21 of this State:
- 22 (A) Freedom from Unlawful Discrimination. To secure for all individuals within Illinois the freedom from discrimination

- 1 against any individual because of his or her race, color,
- 2 religion, sex, national origin, ancestry, age, order of
- 3 protection status, marital status, physical or
- 4 disability, military status, sexual orientation, pregnancy, or
- 5 unfavorable discharge from military service in connection with
- 6 employment, real estate transactions, access to financial
- credit, and the availability of public accommodations. 7
- 8 Freedom from Sexual Harassment-Employment
- 9 Elementary, Secondary, and Higher Education. To prevent sexual
- 10 harassment in employment and sexual harassment in elementary,
- 11 secondary, and higher education.
- (C) Freedom from Discrimination Based on Citizenship 12
- 13 Status-Employment. To prevent discrimination based
- 14 citizenship status in employment.
- Freedom from Discrimination Based 15 on Familial
- 16 Status-Real Estate Transactions. To prevent discrimination
- based on familial status in real estate transactions. 17
- 18 (E) Public Health, Welfare and Safety. To promote the
- 19 public health, welfare and safety by protecting the interest of
- 20 all people in Illinois in maintaining personal dignity, in
- realizing their full productive capacities, and in furthering 21
- 22 their interests, rights and privileges as citizens of this
- 23 State.
- 24 (F) Implementation of Constitutional Guarantees. To secure
- 25 and guarantee the rights established by Sections 17, 18 and 19
- 26 of Article I of the Illinois Constitution of 1970.

- 1 (G) Equal Opportunity, Affirmative Action. To establish Equal Opportunity and Affirmative Action as the policies of 2 this State in all of its decisions, programs and activities, 3 4 and to assure that all State departments, boards, commissions 5 and instrumentalities rigorously take affirmative action to provide equality of opportunity and eliminate the effects of 6 past discrimination in the internal affairs of State government 7 8 and in their relations with the public.
- 9 (H) Unfounded Charges. To protect citizens of this State
  10 against unfounded charges of unlawful discrimination, sexual
  11 harassment in employment and sexual harassment in elementary,
  12 secondary, and higher education, and discrimination based on
  13 citizenship status in employment.
- 14 (Source: P.A. 95-668, eff. 10-10-07; 96-447, eff. 1-1-10; 96-1319, eff. 7-27-10.)
- 16 (775 ILCS 5/1-103) (from Ch. 68, par. 1-103)
- 17 Sec. 1-103. General Definitions. When used in this Act, 18 unless the context requires otherwise, the term:
- 19 (A) Age. "Age" means the chronological age of a person who
  20 is at least 40 years old, except with regard to any practice
  21 described in Section 2-102, insofar as that practice concerns
  22 training or apprenticeship programs. In the case of training or
  23 apprenticeship programs, for the purposes of Section 2-102,
  24 "age" means the chronological age of a person who is 18 but not
  25 yet 40 years old.

- 1 (B) Aggrieved Party. "Aggrieved party" means a person who
- 2 is alleged or proved to have been injured by a civil rights
- violation or believes he or she will be injured by a civil 3
- 4 rights violation under Article 3 that is about to occur.
- 5 (C) Charge. "Charge" means an allegation filed with the
- 6 Department by an aggrieved party or initiated by the Department
- under its authority. 7
- (D) Civil Rights Violation. "Civil rights violation" 8
- includes and shall be limited to only those specific acts set 9
- 10 forth in Sections 2-102, 2-103, 2-105, 3-102, 3-102.1, 3-103,
- 3-104, 3-104.1, 3-105, 3-105.1, 4-102, 4-103, 5-102, 5A-102, 11
- 6-101, and 6-102 of this Act. 12
- (E) Commission. "Commission" means the Human Rights 13
- 14 Commission created by this Act.
- 15 (F) Complaint. "Complaint" means the formal pleading filed
- 16 Department with the Commission following
- investigation and finding of substantial evidence of a civil 17
- 18 rights violation.
- 19 (G) Complainant. "Complainant" means a person including
- 20 the Department who files a charge of civil rights violation
- 21 with the Department or the Commission.
- 22 (H) Department. "Department" means the Department of Human
- 23 Rights created by this Act.
- 24 (I) Disability. "Disability" means a determinable physical
- 25 or mental characteristic of a person, including, but not
- 26 limited to, a determinable physical characteristic which

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- 1 necessitates the person's use of a guide, hearing or support dog, the history of such characteristic, or the perception of 2
- 3 such characteristic by the person complained against, which may
- 4 result from disease, injury, congenital condition of birth or
- 5 functional disorder and which characteristic:
  - (1) For purposes of Article 2 is unrelated to the person's ability to perform the duties of a particular job or position and, pursuant to Section 2-104 of this Act, a person's illegal use of drugs or alcohol is not a disability;
    - (2) For purposes of Article 3, is unrelated to the person's ability to acquire, rent or maintain a housing accommodation;
  - (3) For purposes of Article 4, is unrelated to a person's ability to repay;
    - (4) For purposes of Article 5, is unrelated to a person's ability to utilize and benefit from a place of public accommodation;
    - (5) For purposes of Article 5, also includes any psychological, or developmental disability, mental, including autism spectrum disorders.
- 22 (J) Marital Status. "Marital status" means the legal status 23 of being married, single, separated, divorced or widowed.
- 24 (J-1) Military Status. "Military status" means a person's status on active duty in or status as a veteran of the armed 25 26 forces of the United States, status as a current member or

- 1 veteran of any reserve component of the armed forces of the
- 2 United States, including the United States Army Reserve, United
- 3 States Marine Corps Reserve, United States Navy Reserve, United
- 4 States Air Force Reserve, and United States Coast Guard
- 5 Reserve, or status as a current member or veteran of the
- 6 Illinois Army National Guard or Illinois Air National Guard.
- 7 (K) National Origin. "National origin" means the place in
- 8 which a person or one of his or her ancestors was born.
- 9 (K-5) "Order of protection status" means a person's status
- 10 as being a person protected under an order of protection issued
- 11 pursuant to the Illinois Domestic Violence Act of 1986 or an
- order of protection issued by a court of another state.
- 13 (L) Person. "Person" includes one or more individuals,
- 14 partnerships, associations or organizations, labor
- 15 organizations, labor unions, joint apprenticeship committees,
- or union labor associations, corporations, the State of
- 17 Illinois and its instrumentalities, political subdivisions,
- units of local government, legal representatives, trustees in
- 19 bankruptcy or receivers.
- 20 (L-5) Pregnancy. "Pregnancy" means pregnancy, childbirth,
- 21 or related conditions.
- 22 (M) Public Contract. "Public contract" includes every
- 23 contract to which the State, any of its political subdivisions
- or any municipal corporation is a party.
- 25 (N) Religion. "Religion" includes all aspects of religious
- observance and practice, as well as belief, except that with

- 1 respect to employers, for the purposes of Article 2, "religion"
- 2 has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (F) of Section
- 2-101. 3
- 4 (O) Sex. "Sex" means the status of being male or female.
- 5 (0-1) Sexual orientation. "Sexual orientation" means
- 6 actual or perceived heterosexuality, homosexuality,
- 7 bisexuality, or gender-related identity, whether or not
- 8 traditionally associated with the person's designated sex at
- 9 birth. "Sexual orientation" does not include a physical or
- 10 sexual attraction to a minor by an adult.
- 11 (P) Unfavorable Military Discharge. "Unfavorable military
- discharge" includes discharges from the Armed Forces of the 12
- 13 United States, their Reserve components or any National Guard
- or Naval Militia which are classified as RE-3 or the equivalent 14
- 15 thereof, but does not include those characterized as RE-4 or
- 16 "Dishonorable".
- (Q) Unlawful Discrimination. "Unlawful discrimination" 17
- 18 means discrimination against a person because of his or her
- 19 race, color, religion, national origin, ancestry, age, sex,
- 20 marital status, order of protection status, disability,
- military status, sexual orientation, pregnancy, or unfavorable 21
- 22 discharge from military service as those terms are defined in
- 23 this Section.
- 24 (Source: P.A. 96-328, eff. 8-11-09; 96-447, eff. 1-1-10;
- 25 97-410, eff. 1-1-12; 97-813, eff. 7-13-12.)

1	(775  ILCS  5/2-101) (from Ch. 68, par. 2-101)
2	Sec. 2-101. Definitions. The following definitions are
3	applicable strictly in the context of this Article.
4	(A) Employee.
5	(1) "Employee" includes:
6	(a) Any individual performing services for
7	remuneration within this State for an employer;
8	(b) An apprentice;
9	(c) An applicant for any apprenticeship.
10	(2) "Employee" does not include:
11	(a) Domestic servants in private homes;
12	(b) Individuals employed by persons who are not
13	"employers" as defined by this Act;
14	(c) Elected public officials or the members of
15	their immediate personal staffs;
16	(d) Principal administrative officers of the State
17	or of any political subdivision, municipal corporation
18	or other governmental unit or agency;
19	(e) A person in a vocational rehabilitation
20	facility certified under federal law who has been
21	designated an evaluee, trainee, or work activity
22	client.
23	(B) Employer.
24	(1) "Employer" includes:
25	(a) Any person employing 15 or more employees
26	within Illinois during 20 or more calendar weeks withir

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the calendar year of or preceding the alleged 1 2 violation:

- (b) Any person employing one or more employees when a complainant alleges civil rights violation due to unlawful discrimination based upon his or her physical or mental disability unrelated to ability, pregnancy, or sexual harassment;
- The State and any political subdivision, municipal corporation or other governmental unit or agency, without regard to the number of employees;
- (d) Any party to a public contract without regard to the number of employees;
- (e) A joint apprenticeship or training committee without regard to the number of employees.
- "Employer" does not include any religious (2) association, educational corporation, institution, society, or non-profit nursing institution conducted by and for those who rely upon treatment by prayer through spiritual means in accordance with the tenets of a recognized church or religious denomination with respect to the employment of individuals of a particular religion to perform work connected with the carrying on by such corporation, association, educational institution, society or non-profit nursing institution of its activities.
- (C) Employment Agency. "Employment Agency" includes both public and private employment agencies and any person, labor

- 1 organization, or labor union having a hiring hall or hiring 2 office regularly undertaking, with or without compensation, to
- procure opportunities to work, or to procure, recruit, refer or 3
- 4 place employees.

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- (D) Labor Organization. "Labor Organization" includes any organization, labor union, craft union, or any voluntary unincorporated association designed to further the cause of the rights of union labor which is constituted for the purpose, in whole or in part, of collective bargaining or of dealing with employers concerning grievances, terms or conditions employment, apprenticeships applications or or for apprenticeships, or of other mutual aid or protection in connection with employment, including apprenticeships applications for apprenticeships.
  - Sexual Harassment. "Sexual harassment" means unwelcome sexual advances or requests for sexual favors or any conduct of a sexual nature when (1) submission to such conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment, (2) submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as the basis for employment decisions affecting such individual, or (3) such conduct has the purpose or effect of substantially interfering individual's work performance or an creating intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.
  - Religion. "Religion" with respect to includes all aspects of religious observance and practice, as

- 1 well as belief, unless an employer demonstrates that he is
- 2 unable to reasonably accommodate an employee's or prospective
- employee's religious observance or practice without undue 3
- 4 hardship on the conduct of the employer's business.
- 5 (G) Public Employer. "Public employer" means the State, an
- 6 agency or department thereof, unit of local government, school
- district, instrumentality or political subdivision. 7
- 8 (H) Public Employee. "Public employee" means an employee of
- the State, agency or department thereof, unit of local 9
- 10 government, school district, instrumentality or political
- 11 subdivision. "Public employee" does not include public
- officers or employees of the General Assembly or agencies 12
- 13 thereof.
- (I) Public Officer. "Public officer" means a person who is 14
- 15 elected to office pursuant to the Constitution or a statute or
- 16 ordinance, or who is appointed to an office which is
- established, and the qualifications and duties of which are 17
- prescribed, by the Constitution or a statute or ordinance, to 18
- 19 discharge a public duty for the State, agency or department
- 20 thereof, unit of local government, school district.
- 21 instrumentality or political subdivision.
- 22 (J) Eligible Bidder. "Eligible bidder" means a person who,
- 23 prior to a bid opening, has filed with the Department a
- 24 properly completed, sworn and currently valid employer report
- 25 form, pursuant to the Department's regulations. The provisions
- 26 of this Article relating to eligible bidders apply only to bids

- 1 on contracts with the State and its departments, agencies,
- boards, and commissions, and the provisions do not apply to 2
- bids on contracts with units of local government or school 3
- 4 districts.
- 5 (K) Citizenship Status. "Citizenship status" means the
- status of being: 6
- (1) a born U.S. citizen; 7
- 8 (2) a naturalized U.S. citizen;
- (3) a U.S. national; or 9
- 10 (4) a person born outside the United States and not a
- 11 U.S. citizen who is not an unauthorized alien and who is
- protected from discrimination under the provisions of 12
- 13 Section 1324b of Title 8 of the United States Code, as now
- or hereafter amended. 14
- (Source: P.A. 97-877, eff. 8-2-12.) 15
- (775 ILCS 5/2-102) (from Ch. 68, par. 2-102) 16
- 17 Sec. 2-102. Civil Rights Violations - Employment. It is a
- 18 civil rights violation:
- 19 (A) Employers. For any employer to refuse to hire, to
- 2.0 segregate, or to act with respect to recruitment, hiring,
- 21 promotion, renewal of employment, selection for training or
- 22 apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or
- 23 privileges or conditions of employment on the basis of unlawful
- 24 discrimination or citizenship status.
- 25 (A-5) Language. For an employer to impose a restriction

- 1 that has the effect of prohibiting a language from being spoken
- by an employee in communications that are unrelated to the 2
- 3 employee's duties.
- 4 For the purposes of this subdivision (A-5), "language"
- 5 means a person's native tongue, such as Polish, Spanish, or
- 6 Chinese. "Language" does not include such things as slang,
- jargon, profanity, or vulgarity. 7
- 8 (B) Employment Agency. For any employment agency to fail or
- 9 refuse to classify properly, accept applications and register
- 10 for employment referral or apprenticeship referral, refer for
- 11 employment, or refer for apprenticeship on the basis of
- unlawful discrimination or citizenship status or to accept from 12
- 13 any person any job order, requisition or request for referral
- of applicants for employment or apprenticeship which makes or 14
- 15 effect of making unlawful discrimination
- 16 discrimination on the basis of citizenship status a condition
- 17 of referral.
- (C) Labor Organization. For any labor organization to 18
- limit, segregate or classify its membership, or to limit 19
- 20 employment opportunities, selection and training
- 21 apprenticeship in any trade or craft, or otherwise to take, or
- 22 fail to take, any action which affects adversely any person's
- 23 status as an employee or as an applicant for employment or as
- 24 an apprentice, or as an applicant for apprenticeships, or
- 25 wages, tenure, hours of employment or apprenticeship
- 26 conditions on the basis of unlawful discrimination or

citizenship status.

- (D) Sexual Harassment. For any employer, employee, agent of any employer, employment agency or labor organization to engage in sexual harassment; provided, that an employer shall be responsible for sexual harassment of the employer's employees by nonemployees or nonmanagerial and nonsupervisory employees only if the employer becomes aware of the conduct and fails to take reasonable corrective measures.
- (E) Public Employers. For any public employer to refuse to permit a public employee under its jurisdiction who takes time off from work in order to practice his or her religious beliefs to engage in work, during hours other than such employee's regular working hours, consistent with the operational needs of the employer and in order to compensate for work time lost for such religious reasons. Any employee who elects such deferred work shall be compensated at the wage rate which he or she would have earned during the originally scheduled work period. The employer may require that an employee who plans to take time off from work in order to practice his or her religious beliefs provide the employer with a notice of his or her intention to be absent from work not exceeding 5 days prior to the date of absence.
- (F) Training and Apprenticeship Programs. For any employer, employment agency or labor organization to discriminate against a person on the basis of age in the selection, referral for or conduct of apprenticeship or

1 training programs.

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- (G) Immigration-Related Practices.
  - (1) for an employer to request for purposes of satisfying the requirements of Section 1324a(b) of Title 8 of the United States Code, as now or hereafter amended, more or different documents than are required under such Section or to refuse to honor documents tendered that on their face reasonably appear to be genuine; or
  - (2) for an employer participating in the E-Verify Program, as authorized by 8 U.S.C. 1324a, Notes, Pilot Programs for Employment Eligibility Confirmation (enacted by PL 104-208, div. C title IV, subtitle A) to refuse to hire, to segregate, or to act with respect to recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal of employment, selection for training or apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or terms, privileges or conditions of employment without following the procedures under the E-Verify Program.
  - (H) (Blank). Pregnancy; peace officers and fire fighters.

    For a public employer to refuse to temporarily transfer a pregnant female peace officer or pregnant female fire fighter to a less strenuous or hazardous position for the duration of her pregnancy if she so requests, with the advice of her physician, where that transfer can be reasonably accommodated. For the purposes of this subdivision (H), "peace officer" and "fire fighter" have the meanings ascribed to those terms in Section 3 of the Illinois Public Labor Relations Act.

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rights violation for an employe any action that is required by Section 1324a of Title United States Code, as now or hereafter amended.

- (I) Pregnancy. For an employer to refuse to hire, to segregate, or to act with respect to recruitment, hiring, promotion, renewal of employment, selection for training or apprenticeship, discharge, discipline, tenure or privileges or conditions of employment on the basis of pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions. Women affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related medical conditions shall be treated the same for all employment-related purposes, including receipt of benefits under fringe benefit programs, as other persons not so affected but similar in their ability or inability to work, regardless of the source of the inability to work or employment classification or status, including part-time, full-time, or probationary.
- (J) Pregnancy; reasonable accommodations.
  - (1) For an employer to not make reasonable accommodations for any condition of a job applicant or employee related to pregnancy, childbirth, or a related condition, if she so requests, unless the employer can demonstrate that the accommodation would impose an undue hardship on the ordinary operation of the business of the employer. If the employer requests a certificate from the employee's health care provider concerning the medical advisability of a reasonable accommodation that is

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otherwise consistent with federal and State law, the employer may require only a description of the reasonable accommodation or accommodations medically advisable, the date the reasonable accommodation or accommodations became medically advisable, and the probable duration of the reasonable accommodation or accommodations. The employer shall engage in a timely, good faith, and meaningful exchange with the employee to determine effective reasonable accommodations.

- (2) For an employer to deny employment opportunities or benefits to or take adverse action against an otherwise qualified job applicant or employee, if the denial or adverse action is based on the need of the employer to make reasonable accommodations to the known conditions related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related conditions of the applicant or employee.
- (3) For an employer to require a job applicant or employee affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related conditions to accept an accommodation that the applicant or employee chooses not to accept.
- (4) For an employer to require an employee to take leave under any leave law or policy of the employer if another reasonable accommodation can be provided to the known conditions related to the pregnancy, childbirth, or related conditions of an employee. No employer shall fail or refuse to reinstate the employee affected by pregnancy,

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childbirth, or related conditions to her original job or to an equivalent position with equivalent pay and accumulated seniority, retirement, fringe benefits, and other applicable service credits upon her signifying her intent to return or when her need for reasonable accommodation ceases.

For the purposes of this subdivision (J), "reasonable accommodations" means reasonable modifications or adjustments to the job application process or work environment, or to the manner or circumstances under which the position desired or held is customarily performed, that enable an applicant or employee affected by pregnancy, childbirth, or related conditions to be considered for the position the applicant desires or to perform the functions of that position, including, but not limited to: more frequent or longer bathroom breaks, breaks for increased water intake, and breaks for periodic rest; private non-bathroom space for expressing breast milk and breastfeeding; seating; assistance with manual labor; light duty; temporary transfer to a less strenuous or hazardous position; the provision of an accessible worksite; acquisition or modification of equipment; job restructuring; a part-time or modified work schedule; appropriate adjustment or modifications of examinations, training materials, or policies; reassignment to a vacant position; time off to recover from childbirth; and leave.

For the purposes of this subdivision (J), "undue hardship"

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means an action that is prohibitively expensive or disruptive when considered in light of the following factors: (i) the nature and cost of the accommodation needed; (ii) the overall financial resources of the facility or facilities involved in the provision of the reasonable accommodation, the number of persons employed at such facility, the effect on expenses and resources, or the impact otherwise of the accommodation upon the operation of the facility; (iii) the overall financial resources of the employer, the overall size of the business of the employer with respect to the number of its employees, and the number, type, and location of its facilities; and (iv) the type of operation or operations of the employer, including the composition, structure, and functions of the workforce of the employer, the geographic separateness, administrative, or fiscal relationship of the facility or facilities in question to the employer. The employer has the burden of proving undue hardship. The fact that the employer provides or would be required to provide a similar accommodation to other classes of employees who need it creates a rebuttable presumption that the accommodation does not impose an undue hardship on the employer. No employer is required by this subdivision (J) to create additional employment that the employer would not otherwise have created, unless the employer does so or would do so for other classes of employees who need accommodation. The employer

is not required to discharge any employee, transfer any

- 1 employee with more seniority, or promote any employee who is
- not qualified to perform the job, unless the employer does so 2
- or would do so to accommodate other classes of employees who 3
- 4 need it.
- 5 (K) Notice. For an employer to fail to post or keep posted
- in a conspicuous location on the premises of the employer where 6
- notices to employees are customarily posted, or fail to include 7
- in any employee handbook information concerning an employee's 8
- 9 rights under this Article, a notice, to be prepared or approved
- 10 by the Department, summarizing the requirements of this Article
- 11 and information pertaining to the filing of a charge, including
- the right to be free from unlawful discrimination and the right 12
- 13 to certain reasonable accommodations. The Department shall
- 14 furnish copies of summaries and rules to employers upon request
- 15 without charge.
- (Source: P.A. 97-596, eff. 8-26-11; 98-212, eff. 8-9-13.) 16
- 17 (775 ILCS 5/6-101) (from Ch. 68, par. 6-101)
- Sec. 6-101. Additional Civil Rights Violations. It is a 18
- 19 civil rights violation for a person, or for two or more persons
- 20 to conspire, to:
- 21 (A) Retaliation. Retaliate against a person because he
- 22 or she has opposed that which he or she reasonably and in
- 23 good faith believes to be unlawful discrimination, sexual
- 24 harassment in employment or sexual harassment
- 25 elementary, secondary, and higher education,

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1	discrimination based on citizenship status in employment,
2	or because he or she has made a charge, filed a complaint,
3	testified, assisted, or participated in an investigation,
4	proceeding, or hearing under this Act, or because he or she
5	has requested, attempted to request, used, or attempted to
6	use a reasonable accommodation as allowed by this Act.

- (B) Aiding and Abetting; Coercion. Aid, abet, compel or coerce a person to commit any violation of this Act;
- (C) Interference. Wilfully interfere with the performance of a duty or the exercise of a power by the Commission or one of its members or representatives or the Department or one of its officers or employees.
- Definitions. For the purposes of this Section, "sexual harassment" and "citizenship status" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 2-101 of this Act.
- 16 (Source: P.A. 96-1319, eff. 7-27-10; 97-333, eff. 8-12-11.)
- 17 Section 99. Effective date. This Act takes effect upon 18 becoming law.".